Status of CDF production farm upgrade

Rick Snider for CDF production farm upgrade

Project overview Production on the CAF Production on the Grid

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Project overview

- Goals of upgrade
 - Improve resource management of production processing pipeline
 - Should allow scalable balancing of CPU and I/O resources
 - Create an extensible control system
 - Simple to add new farm management, monitoring or processing policies
 - Make production farm processes operable on other platforms
 - Short term goal: end of Fall 2004 shutdown
 - Interoperable on machines we control (CAF, dCAF)
 - Long term: staged across 2005 and 2006
 - Interoperable on machines we do not control: D0, CMS, OSG
 - Full use of common GRID tools and services with D0, CMS, OSG

Project overview

- Basic plan: phased, incremental approach
 - Bring up production at full scale on CAF
 - Use CDF/SAM analogs of Grid tools and services
 - Main point is to layer functionality in appropriate way
 - Allows access to all remote CAF resources
 - Migrate production on CAF processes to Grid
 - Full use of common GRID tools and services with D0, CMS, OSG
- Technical issues
 - Concatenation using SAM and durable storage
 - I/O using SAM + SRM + dCache
 - Load balancing between CPU and I/O
 - Gridifying
 - Job management issues
 - Pseudo-interactive services

- Two stages to production
 - Reconstruction
 - Concatenation
- Reconstruction runs on single input file
 - Configuration of executable defined by offline release
 - Output is split into multiple datasets based upon trigger content
 - Splitting configuration defined by trigger database
 - Output file sizes are generally too small for efficient storage on tape
- Concatenation
 - Concatenate intermediate files associated with particular output dataset
 - Events in a final output file define a continuous time block
 - File content specified by first run/event, last run/event
 - Allows efficient event look-up
 - Not strictly enforced (allow violations at level of a few percent)

- Currently focused on using SAM for reconstruction and concatenation
 - Based on proof of principle work at UCSD
- Reconstruction procedure currently being proto-typed
 - Query SAM to define input dataset
 - Create SAM output dataset for intermediate results
 - Reserve space in durable storage (via SRM interface)
 - Start SAM project to deliver and track files
 - Submit jobs via standard CAF submission tool
 - Pre-staging of input files or waiting for file delivery (?)
 - Write intermediate output files to durable storage
 - Use SRM interface
 - Register files in SAM

- Basic concatenation procedure under development
 - Query SAM for content, status of intermediate output
 - Reserve space for output
 - Sort file list
 - This is needed to preserve time ordering
 - Submit concatenation job
 - Write output via SAM store to dCache write pools
- Concatenation model
 - Tie concatenation job to individual input projects
 - Define relatively small, self-contained input projects
 - Concatenation resources scale as needed based upon input and output dataset
 - Requires tuning of input project definitions based upon output datasets
 - Also considering independent concatenation threads
 - Tied to individual output streams

- CPU and I/O load balancing
 - Need more flexibility in parallelizing output to tape
 - Work required to understand dCache configuration issues
 - Pool definitions, file affinities, file family definitions, etc. required to optimize throughput from farm to tape
 - Requires careful testing
- Current status
 - Reconstruction procedures are running
 - Not currently using SRM for durable storage
 - SAM interface for durable storage (sam_upload) presented by Gabrielle Garzoglio, Armando Fella, Stefano Belforte and Donatella Lucchesi under study
 - Igor Terekhov presented scheme suitable for MC production
 - Concatenation procedures and model still under development
 - dCache work not yet started

Grid enabling production jobs

- Goal
 - To run production jobs at sites we do not control
- Basic plan
 - Establish production on CAF using SAM
 - Migrate to use of SAMGrid/JIM for access to CDF resources
 - Should be "relatively easy" once production under SAM is working
 - Note that several attempts to install JIM have failed
 - Some significant technical issues to resolve
 - Enabling SAMGrid and JIM on externally controlled resources
 - This work is not CDF-specific

Grid enabling production jobs

- Technical issues
 - Job/VO management
 - CAF-specific functionality
 - Kerberos authentication
 - Condor monitoring and sandboxing features (?)
 - Assumes CDF software environment
 - Already not needed for production processes
 - Many CAF-specific features can be generalized using SAMGrid/JIM
 - Worker node connectivity
 - CAF provides some pseudo-interactive functionality
 - ls, head, tail, attach gdb to running executable
 - Difficult to provide this via existing gateway protocols
 - Possible solutions (??)
 - Condor glide-in
 - Install low-level CAF environment
 - Clarens
 - Provides authentication, local file access via web-based interface

Summary

• Production on CAF

- Making progress in using SAM to run and track production, concatenation jobs
 - No significant technical hurdles expected
- Need work to understand I/O issues using dCache

Production on Grid

- Migration to SAMGrid/JIM expected to be most straight-forward approach
- Most difficult technical issue is interactive functionality
 - No clear solution has emerged

Backup slides

People

- Farm application developers
 - Suen Hou, Tsan Hsieh, Elliot Lipeles
- SAM issues
 - Krzysztof Genser, Rick St. Denis, Stephan Stonjek
- dCache issues
 - Krzysztof Genser (?)
- Project leader
 - Ashutosh Kotwal (with Ian Fisk, Rick Snider)
- Input from various people:
 - Gabriele Garzoglio, Armando Fella, Stefano Belforte, Donatella Lucchesi,
 Igor Terekhov, Mike Diesburg, Liz Sexton-Kennedy

Phase 1 migration plan

Development

- Develop new system on CAF
 - Leave existing farm intact and operating
 - Procure any dedicated hardware needed for production on CAF
 - No hardware "borrowed" from farm
- Validate production scale capability on CAF
 - Assume dedicated services on CAF are required

Deployment

- Commission "official" production processing on CAF
- Migrate and commission new system to farm
 - Requires installation of CAF software to meet short term goals
- Move production processing to production farm
 - CAF and farm now interoperable
 - Resource sharing now possible: no more unused cycles on the farm